## Proposed Regulation Text Enhanced Treatment Program Regulations

California Code of Regulations
Title 9. Rehabilitative and Developmental Services
Division 1. Department of Mental Health

Adopt new Chapter 17, Article 1, sections 4800, 4801; Article 2, sections 4900, 4901, 4902, 4903, 4904, 4905; Article 3, sections 5000; Article 4, section 5100; Article 5, section 5200; and Article 6, section 5300 to Title 9, California Code of Regulations to read as follows.

NOTE: The entire text is new regulatory language to be added to the California Code of Regulations.

## **New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program**

#### **Article 1. General Provisions**

## § 4800. Definitions.

- (a) "DSH" shall mean the Department of State Hospitals.
- (b) "Enhanced Treatment Program" or "ETP," as used in this chapter, authorized under Health and Safety Code section 1265.9, is a pilot program aimed at treating Patients at High Risk of Most Dangerous Behavior who may benefit from concentrated, evidence-based clinical therapy and structured milieu or treatment with the goal of reducing the risk of violent behavior in a standard hospital setting.
- (c) "Forensic Needs Assessment Panel" or "FNAP," as used in this chapter, is a panel that consists of one psychiatrist, one psychologist, and a Medical Director or designee. The FNAP convenes a Placement Evaluation Meeting for each ETP patient in accordance with Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivisions (c) and (d). None of the FNAP members shall be involved in an ETP patient's treatment or diagnosis at the time of that patient's Placement Evaluation Meeting.
- (d) "Forensic Needs Assessment Team" or "FNAT," as used in this chapter, is a group of psychologists, not part of the ETP treatment team, with expertise in forensic assessment or violence risk assessment. Each FNAT shall have a Supervising Psychologist who shall assign an ETP case or group of cases to each FNAT psychologist.
- (e) "Individualized Behavioral Plan," as used in this chapter, shall mean a behavioral plan that a Treatment Team develops with an ETP patient, to focus on how staff shall create an environment that supports a patient in their management of unsafe behaviors and their progression towards safe conduct.

- (f) "Individualized Treatment Interventions," as used in this chapter, means interventions provided to a patient to address patient-specific risk factors for highest risk of violence.
- (g) "Most Dangerous Behavior," as used in this chapter, means aggressive acts that may cause substantial physical harm upon others in an inpatient setting.
- (h) "Standard Treatment Environment," as used in this chapter, means any non-ETP setting at a DSH state hospital.
- (i) "Standardized Violence Risk Assessment," as used in this chapter, is a violence risk assessment of an ETP patient using the Standardized Violence Risk Assessment Methodologies defined in subdivision (j) of this section.
- (j) "Standardized Violence Risk Assessment Methodologies," as used in this chapter, are reliable and valid methods used in violence risk assessment, which may include but are not limited to an analysis of the severity, frequency, and intensity of a patient's past violent behavior and an evaluation of the static and dynamic violence risk factors.
- (k) "Treatment Team," as used in this chapter, is a group of ETP treatment providers assigned to an ETP patient and generally includes a primary psychiatrist, psychologist, social worker, rehabilitation therapist, registered nurse, and psychiatric technician.
- (I) "Patient at High Risk of Most Dangerous Behavior" means a patient has a history of physical violence and currently poses a demonstrated danger of inflicting substantial physical harm upon others in an inpatient setting, as determined by an evidence-based, in-depth violence risk assessment conducted by DSH.

## **New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program. Article 2. Admissions**

### § 4900. Referral Process.

- (a) A Standard Treatment Environment psychiatrist or psychologist may refer a patient to the Enhanced Treatment Program when all the following conditions are met:
  - (1) A Standard Treatment Environment treatment team has determined that a patient may be at high risk for Most Dangerous Behavior in a standard treatment setting.
  - (2) A Standard Treatment Environment treatment team has attempted, without success, to provide Individualized Treatment Interventions or a Standard Treatment Environment treatment team has determined that a patient's high risk for Most Dangerous Behavior precludes safely providing Individualized Treatment Interventions in a Standard Treatment Environment.
  - (3) There is no existing contract or memorandum of understanding that provides alternative and clinically appropriate treatment outside of DSH.
  - (4) A Standard Treatment Environment treatment team has concluded that a patient has no medical issues that would contraindicate treatment in the ETP.
  - (5) A Standard Treatment Environment treatment team has completed the ETP Referral Form (Appendix A).
  - (6) A Standard Treatment Environment treatment team or designee has forwarded the completed ETP Referral Form to the FNAT.
- (b) Upon receipt of a completed ETP Referral Form, the FNAT Supervising Psychologist or designee shall review and determine whether it includes all requisite information pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section and whether to approve the referral for initial evaluation pursuant to section 4901.

#### § 4901. Initial Evaluation.

- (a) Once the FNAT Supervising Psychologist approves a patient referral pursuant to the section 4900, they shall assign that referred patient to an FNAT psychologist. The assigned FNAT Psychologist shall conduct an initial evaluation to verify a referred patient's need for treatment in the ETP. The initial evaluation shall follow the timelines set forth in Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivision (b) and shall include but not be limited to the following:
  - (1) An interview of a referred patient's Standard Treatment Environment treatment team.
  - (2) A review of a referred patient's medical record.
  - (3) A review of a referred patient's history of violence.
  - (4) A referred patient's violence risk level.
  - (5) A review of a referred patient's need for treatment in the ETP.
- (b) Upon completion of the initial evaluation, the FNAT shall provide the initial evaluation to the FNAP for a Placement Evaluation Meeting pursuant to section 4902.

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

#### § 4902. Placement Evaluation Meeting.

Upon receipt of the initial evaluation from the FNAT, the FNAP shall convene a Placement Evaluation Meeting in accordance with Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivisions (c) and (d). A patient and their Patients' Rights Advocate shall be provided instructions as to how a patient may submit documents to the FNAP to consider in making its placement evaluation decision. If a patient is unable to safely participate in the Placement Evaluation Meeting in person, alternate modalities for participation, such as teleconference, shall be considered.

#### § 4903. Admission Criteria.

A patient shall be accepted for ETP treatment if the FNAP determines all of the following:

- (a) A referred patient is determined to be a Patient at High Risk of Most Dangerous Behavior.
- (b) Individualized Treatment Interventions provided to a referred patient have not been successful or that a patient's high risk for Most Dangerous Behavior precludes safely providing Individualized Treatment Interventions in a Standard Treatment Environment.
- (c) A referred patient has no medical issues that would preclude safe treatment in the ETP.
- (d) A referred patient is appropriate for ETP treatment, in consideration of the number of ETP referrals across DSH facilities and the number of available ETP beds.

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

## § 4904. Emergency Placement.

A referred patient may be placed in the ETP prior to completion of the initial evaluation by the FNAT if they present a high risk of Most Dangerous Behavior such that placement in the ETP is immediately necessary for the preservation of life or the prevention of serious bodily harm to others. The FNAT shall complete the initial evaluation of a patient placed in the ETP pursuant to this section in accordance with the requirements set forth in Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivision (b).

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

#### § 4905. Certification Requirement.

- (a) Each ETP patient shall be certified in accordance with the requirements set forth in Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivisions (c) through (i).
- (b) An ETP Certification Form (Appendix B) shall be completed for each patient referred to the ETP, documenting the final decision of the FNAP.

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

## New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program Article 3. Services

## § 5000. Individualized Treatment Plan.

For each ETP patient, DSH shall develop an Individualized Treatment Plan, which shall comply with the requirements set forth in Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivision (e) and shall include the following:

- (a) a determination of whether it is clinically indicated to be the least restrictive treatment for a patient to have their room locked at a certain time;
- (b) goals that a patient must achieve in order to be placed in less restrictive treatment such as in a Standard Treatment Environment; and
- (c) treatment that the Treatment Team shall utilize and provide to assist a patient in reaching their goals.

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

# **New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program Article 4. Discharge**

## § 5100. Discharge and Transition.

- (a) Subsequent to certification for ETP treatment, every 90 days the FNAP shall review each certified ETP patient to determine whether they no longer clinically require treatment in the ETP, pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivisions (g) through (h).
- (b) If the FNAP determines that a certified patient no longer clinically requires treatment in the ETP, an ETP patient shall be discharged in accordance with their aftercare plan pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 4144, subdivision (e), based on clinical progress reports, along with any other relevant information, and a determination that a patient should be transferred to a Standard Treatment Environment or any other appropriate placement or referred to a more secure treatment environment pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 7301. The FNAP shall transfer an ETP patient within 30 days of its determination.

(c) If the FNAP determines that a certified patient continues to clinically require treatment in the ETP, an ETP patient shall remain in the ETP.

Authority cited: Sections 4005.1, 4027, 4101 and 4144, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Section 1265.9; Health and Safety Code; Sections 4027, 4101, 4143, 4144 and 4145, Welfare and Institutions Code.

## New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program Article 5. Audio and Visual Monitoring/Recording

### § 5200. Audio and Visual Monitoring/Recording

- (a) DSH may monitor or record via video or audio the ETP patient rooms and common areas.
- (b) DSH shall retain as private and confidential, with restricted access, any audio or video recordings of patient rooms.
- (c) With the written permission of the Executive Director or designee of the hospital where the ETP is located, DSH shall grant access to the audio or video recordings of patient rooms to the Hospital Police to investigate an allegation of patient abuse or neglect or an incident involving the safety and security of ETP patients or staff.
- (d) In accordance with Welfare and Institutions Code sections 4900 et seq. and Senate Bill 577 (2003), DSH shall grant access to the audio or video recordings of patient rooms to a protection and advocacy agency investigating incidents of abuse or neglect.
- (e) DSH shall destroy all recordings after 45 calendar days, unless the Executive Director or designee of the hospital where the ETP is located has provided authorization to retain the audio or video recordings beyond the 45 calendar days for a purpose noted in either subdivision (c) or subdivision (d) of this section.

# New Chapter 17. Enhanced Treatment Program Article 6. Patient Property

### § 5300. Patient Property

- (a) Each ETP patient shall have on their ETP unit an assigned secure storage space for their personal property and a designated off-unit secure storage space.
- (b) Personal property that does not fit in the assigned secure storage space, is contraindicated to the ETP patient's treatment, or is deemed contraband in the ETP shall be stored at that patient's referring state hospital. Each ETP patient may request specific property items stored at their referring state hospital except those treatment-contraindicated or deemed contraband. DSH shall process such a request consistently with ETP policies and procedures related to retrieval of personal property.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of this section, an ETP patient's legal material shall be stored, upon their request, at the state hospital in which their ETP unit is located. DSH shall process the storage or retrieval of a patient's legal material consistent with the ETP unit's state hospital's offunit property storage policies and procedures.
- (d) Each ETP patient shall be notified of the process to access their personal property during admission orientation. DSH shall post the process and access times for personal property in a visible location on the ETP unit.